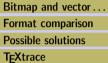


Conversion of T_EX fonts into Type 1 format

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Benefits

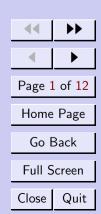
Motivation

Screen shot

Problems remaining

Quality comparison

The ideal solution

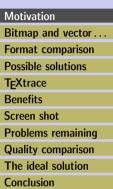




The problem: Acrobat Reader renders most fonts slowly and unreadably ugly on screen. This is because most T_EX fonts can be included into PDF files only as high resolution raster (bitmap) images, and Acrobat Reader shows such images slowly and inaccurately.

- example: nice, with Type 1 font
- example: ugly, with bitmap font generated by METAFONT

Solution: convert the offending T_EX fonts into something that Acrobat Reader can display well, and make pdftex embed the converted fonts into the PDF file. The best candidate for this font format is Adobe Type 1.







★ Bitmap and vector fonts ★

Bitmap fonts:

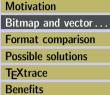
- easy and fast to render
- device specific
- resolution specific
- ๑ generated, not post-processable ๑ editable
- operation print nicely iff DPI is large
- separate, small screen version
- examples: T_EX .pk, T_EX .gf, X11 BDF

Vector outline fonts:

- need complicated rendering
- device independent
- scalable, transformable
- e or edituble
 - nard to read on screen

• always print nicely

• examples: Type 1, OpenType, TrueType, TrX .mf



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Type 1 files (.pfa, .pfb):

- vector outline format
- on work with tex and pdftex
- on appeared with PostScript (1985) on appeared with TeX (1983)
- supported by most OSs and DTP software
- 3rd order (cubic) Bézier curves
- filled regions only
- embedded into PDF verbatim, the PDF-viewer renders them
- rendered nicely in Acrobat

METAFONT source files (.mf):

- vector outline format
- o work with tex and pdftex
- - only METAFONT understands them (not even METAPOST)
- 3rd order (cubic) Bézier curves
- on filled and stroked regions etc.
- already rendered before embedded to PDF
- on displayed ugly in Acrobat



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- on avoid conversion, use existing fonts and glue them together with *virtual fonts* (.vf). Example: AE (CM→EC). Drawback: missing glyphs, missing design sizes.
- design new fonts parallelly in both formats. Example: METATYPE1 (at EuroT_EX 2001). Drawback: cannot convert existing fonts.
- modify METAFONT to output vector fonts. Drawback: too much effort.
- post-process METAPOST's output. Example: MetaFog. Drawbacks: METAPOST can't understand all .mf files, Type 1 requires special contours without intersections etc., needs human intervention.
- *trace* METAFONT's bitmap output. Example: T_EXtrace. Drawback: minor quality loss.
- a glyphwise *mixture* of these



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★ T_FXtrace ×

TEXtrace is a collection of scripts for UNIX that convert *any* TEX font into a Type 1 outline font immediately suitable for use with TEX. The documents using these fonts cannot be visually distinguished from those using the originals, moreover PDF documents show up quickly and nicely in Acrobat Reader.



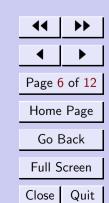
http://textrace.sf.net/

The operation of T_EXtrace:

- 1. calls dvips and gs to render all the 256 glyphs in high (≥ 7000 DPI) resolution
- 2. calls autotrace to convert each bitmap to outlines
- 3. makes syntactical corrections, positions glyphs to their origin and assembles them to a Type 1 .pfb file



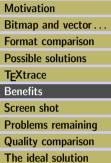
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★ Benefits ★

- accepts any T_FX font (.mf, .pk, Type 1, TrueType etc.)
- operates completely *automatically*, finishes one file in ≈ 20 minutes without asking any questions
- on is free, licensed under the GNU GPL
- produces *portable Type 1 output*, which avoid bugs in many third-party software






```
> autotrace tmp/tmp_char.pbm -filter-iterations 9 -background-color FFFFFF
> gs -d_n=252 -dNODISPLAY -q tmp/gstderr.ps trace2.ps
> autotrace tmp/tmp_char.pbm -filter-iterations 9 -background-color FFFFFF
> gs -d_n=253 -dNODISPLAY -q tmp/gstderr.ps trace2.ps
> autotrace tmp/tmp_char.pbm -filter-iterations 9 -background-color FFFFFF
> gs -d_n=254 -dNODISPLAY -q tmp/gstderr.ps trace2.ps
> autotrace tmp/tmp_char.pbm -filter-iterations 9 -background-color FFFFFF
> gs -d_n=255 -dNODISPLAY -q tmp/gstderr.ps trace2.ps
> perl ./t1d2gsx.pl --256
255 CharBBox entries.
> perl -x type1fix.pl tmp/tmp_gen1.gsx pfb: gcti1000.pfb --pack --dump-spaces=no
--debug-warnings --chk-insize=no
infile tmp/tmp_gen1.gsx
insize 370868
will preserve comments
ok internal interp
ok internal poss
packed 257 chars
writing PFB
outfile gcti1000.pfb
outsize 101784
check: OK /tmp/_t1f_2936_1: /TeX-ecti1000
done
~$
```



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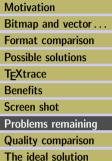
Full Screen

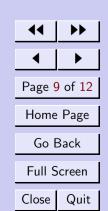
Close Quit



✓ Problems remaining ✓

- \bullet huge font files (3.15 \times)
- no hinting in output
- AutoTrace mis-recongnizes some corners
- METAFONT fails for some fonts
- on limited portability (needs UNIX, teTpX, bash, perl, gs)
- written for experts
- on o Unicode support, limited to 256 characters
- on doesn't convert metrics (but original .tfm is OK for TEX)







Original METAFONT fonts:

- \circ printed perfectly ($\geq 600 \, \text{DPI}$)
- on displayed nicely in xdvi
- on displayed awful in gs
- on displayed tolerably in gv −an
- on displayed awful in acroread

Fonts converted by T_EXtrace:

- \circ printed nicely ($\geq 300 \, \text{DPI}$)
- on displayed nicely in xdvi
- on displayed awful in gs
- on displayed nicely in gv -an
- on displayed nicely in acroread

Reasons:

- Acrobat Reader hates bitmap fonts
- \circ screen resolution ($\leq 100\,\mathrm{DPI}$) is too small, but antialiasing solves the problem
- hinting without antialiasing is not enough for Type 1 or META-FONT.



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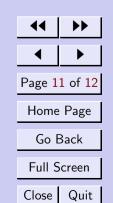
\times The ideal solution \times

- 1. merge METAFONT and METAPOST
 - allow both bitmap a PostScript output
 - allow elliptical pens, METAFONT pictures etc.
- 2. *post-process* the PostScript output (better than MetaFog)
 - convert strokes (etc.) to fills
 - remove contour overlaps
 - reorganize touching contours
 - on do other small modifications for Type 1 compliance
- 3. guess most hinting information automatically (really hard)
- 4. implement an effective human interface to modify hinting
- 5. convert metrics, kerning, ligatures, support Unicode

Of course, none of the steps have been implemented yet.



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★ Conclusion ★

- TEXtrace can be used by anyone who understands the problem, but can't solve it by him/herself
- professional quality requires a font expert (preferably a font designer) much time.
- the ideal, almost automatic solution requires too much resources to implement
- Not even mayor T_EX fonts are expected to be freely available in high quality Type 1 for years. Until this happens, T_EXtrace is the best alternative.

